DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES OF LAND, FRESH-WATER, AND MARINE SHELLS FROM WEST AFRICA.

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PSEUDOGLESSULA EFULENENSIS, n.sp.

Shell conic-turreted, carinate at the periphery, closely, but irregularly, streaked, blotched and spotted with rich chestnut; whorls $7\frac{1}{2}$, the first three turnid and sculptured with spiral rows of fine pit-marks, the fourth smaller and smooth, the remainder gradually



increasing in size and also smooth; sutures impressed; aperture ovate; peristome acute; columella descending very obliquely, excavated above; surface of parietal wall pearly; aperture subquadrate.

Alt. 22, diam. maj. 8 mm.; aperture, alt. 7, diam. 3 mm.

Hab.-Efulen, Cameroons.

MELANIA FUNEREA, n.sp.

Shell subulately turreted, dark blackish-brown; remaining whorls 9, flat, upper whorls smooth, lower granulosely, spirally, striate, and transversely marked with wavy lines of growth; sutures scarcely impressed; peristome acute, flexuous; columella arched, extending into a thin callus, which reaches the lip above; aperture ovate; interior of shell bluish slate-colour.

Hab.-Gold Coast.

Alt. 34.5, diam. maj. 12 mm.; aperture, alt. 10, diam. 6 mm.

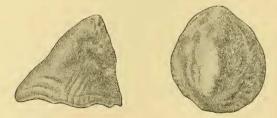
Distinguished from *M. Mörchi*, Brot, also from West Africa, by its much more subulate form and the flatness of its whorls; it is also



more coarsely spirally striate, and the sutures are much less well defined than is the case with that species.

HIPPONYX SALEBROSUS, n.sp.

Shell irregularly conical, white, calcareous, bearing traces round the margin of irregular radiate ribs; interior of shell pale greenishwhite; apex solid and massive; margin acute.



Alt. 10, diam. maj. 12 mm. Hab.—Gold Coast.

The generally rugged appearance of this species, together with its conical form and thickened apex, easily separate it from any other hitherto described species of *Hipponyx*.

The dimensions given above refer only to the type-specimen; in the large number of individuals examined the measurements vary enormously owing to their irregular shape.

8